GET READY

FOR INDEPENDENT TESTING (ZNO)

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READING

TASK 1

Read the text below. Match choices (A—H) to (1—5). There are three choices you do not need to use.

A It's the creative idea that counts.

B An unknown artist creates works that are in demand.

C Successful work, despite mixed reactions.

D In the past, artists had to suffer from poverty.

E The richest artist of our times.

F The controversy about the value of some works of art.

G Fame after death.

H Not everyone appreciates street art.

Art and Money

1. ______ In 2006 a Mexican businessman paid \$140 million for *No 5 1948*, by American artist Jackson Pollock. It was the most expensive painting ever sold. But is any work of art worth such an incredible price? Pollock created his abstract swirls of colour by dripping paint onto the canvas, often dancing as he did it and for many in the art world, he was a genius. Not everyone agrees though; one critic has compared his paintings to wallpaper!

2. _____ At least Jackson Pollock was appreciated during his lifetime. Not all great artists have been so lucky. Dutch artist Vincent Van Gogh only sold one painting in his entire career and his brother had to support him financially throughout his life. He died of poverty at the age of 37, unknown to the world. Yet a hundred years later, almost any work by Van Gogh is worth millions. His *Portrait of Dr Gachet* sold for \$82.3m in 1990.

Jackson Pollock

3. Other artists are more fortunate in their lifetime: Picasso and Dali were multimillionaires when they died. The controversial British artist

Damien Hirst is perhaps the most successful living artist of all: in 2008, a sale of his work raised \$198 million. However, he doesn't usually make the works himself — that is done by assistants. As a conceptual artist, he believes it is the artist's original idea that makes something into a work of art. Typical Hirst pieces include a dead shark, which sold in 2004 for \$12 million. However, Hirst claims that he "always ignores money".

4. ______ For some people, this is not art at all. There was great controversy when *My Bed*, a work by conceptual artist Tracey Emin, was displayed in one of London's top art galleries. Many visitors were horrified by the unmade bed, complete with dirty sheets and underwear, and one lady even tried to tidy it up! However, the artist had the last laugh — after the exhibition, the bed sold for £200,000.

Even graffiti makes money these days. Take the mysterious graffiti artist, "Banksy", whose "street art", with its strong political and social messages, appears on walls and buildings all over the world. No one knows who Banksyi actually is, but his work now sells for hundreds of thousands of dollars, and celebrity collectors include Angelina Jolie and Christina Aguilera. However, not everyone is impressed. After all graffiti is against the law!

(adapted from Real Life Intermediate (SB), Sarah Cunningham, Peter Moor, Pearson Education Limited, 2010)

Exam Tip

Добираючи заголовки до абзаців, намагайтеся зрозуміти головну ідею всього абзацу. Для цього підкреслюйте ключові слова та вирази, які зазвичай стосуються однієї теми.

PEARSON-DINTERNAL IN UKRAINE

TASK 2

Read the text below. For questions (6—10) choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

Darwin

the birth of Charles Darwin. On this day people talk about Charles Darwin (1809—1882) developed a revolu-Darwin's contribution to science. The day's events are tionary theory of evolution that transformed the way we used to educate people about evolutionary biology and to promote science in general. understand the world and we see ourselves. In On the Origin of Species, published in 1859, Darwin described **6.** Which of the following is **TRUE** about Charles Darwin? the process of natural selection. The "fittest" animals A He performed an operation on a child. or plants — those with the characteristics best suited B He worked in a church.

to their environment — are more likely to survive and reproduce. They then pass on these desirable characteristics to their offspring. Slowly those features become more common and that is why species change over time.

If the changes are big enough, they can produce an absolutely new species. The Descent of Men, published

in 1871, suggested that humans descended from apes.

Did vou know?

future theory.

• When Darwin studied medicine, he witnessed an operation performed on a child without anaesthetic. That made him give up medical studies. He then studied theology but, instead of becoming a priest, in 1831 he set off on a five-year scientific expedition around the world (on

a ship called Beagle). There he collected evidence for his

• Before marrying his first cousin Emma Wedgwood in 1839. Darwin composed a list of pros and cons of married life. The conclusion was — it's better to be married. They had ten children, three of whom died at an early age. When his daughter Annie caught scarlet fever and died at the age

of 10 Darwin lost his faith in Christianity.

- One of the key arguments for natural selection came from the birds that Darwin collected from the Galapagos Islands. The birds were clearly the same species but some had large strong beaks for eating nuts while others had long thin beaks for finding worms in the ground. Darwin realised that all came from a single ancestor but, as they spread
- foods available. • Darwin developed the theory of evolution in the 1830s but he didn't talk about it then. He knew his ideas were radical so he delayed publishing his theory for about twenty years while he assembled more evidence.

• The theory of evolution was actually published a year

to different islands, they had adapted to eat the different

- before On the Origin of Species. While Darwin was working on his own theory, another scientist, Alfred Wallace, had independently developed a similar one. Both announced their ideas in two joint articles in 1858: one was an extract from Darwin's future book and the other article was Wallace's paper "On the Tendency of Species to form Varieties". Interestingly, after 1858 Wallace never wrote about evolution. The other texts he wrote concerned mainly his
 - 12th February is a day to celebrate the anniversary of

8. According to the text, all of the following statements are true EXCEPT:

7. What does the word "they" in the underlined line (line

D features

B animals and plants

A Many people thought that Darwin's ideas were radical.

ferent places, their appearance changed. C By studying birds, Darwin invented his theory of evolution.

B Darwin understood that as the birds travelled to dif-

D Darwin travelled to distant places.

9. As stated in the text, the theory of evolution was developed:

A by two scientists together. **B** by two scientists separately.

C He studied apes.

4 from the top) stand for?

A characteristics

C offspring

D He got his theory from birds.

C by one scientist who never wrote about evolution after that.

D by Darwin in 1858.

10. *The article is mainly about:*

A evolutionary biology.

B Darwin's expedition around the world.

C facts about Darwin's life and work.

D the Galapagos Islands.

Exam Tip

Виконуючи завдання на множинний вибір, дотримуйтесь такого алгоритму.

- 1. Прогляньте запитання (не текст).
- 2. Швидко прочитайте текст, щоб приблизно визначити, де саме в ньому містяться відповіді на запитання.
- 3. З чотирьох запропонованих варіантів відповідей відкиньте однозначно хибні.
- 4. Оберіть правильний на вашу думку варіант і ще раз перечитайте відповідну частину тексту.
- 5. Не покладайтесь на власні здогадки й висновки правильн відповідь має бути в тексті, зазвичай, у перефразованому вигляді.

Формуємо освіту з кожним номером!

explorations in Indonesia and Malaysia

ANSWERS TASK 2: 6-D, 7-B, 8-A, 9-B, 10-C

TASK 3

Read the texts below. Match choices (A—H) to (11—16). There are two choices you do not need to use.



11. In my opinion, the greatest writer of fiction of all time is Charles Dickens. His novels are so entertaining and the characters he created are unforgettable. I mean, I think of Oliver Twist, he's the perfect image of the poor little orphan boy who fights through poverty and misery and an enforced life of crime to find happiness and a peaceful life in the country. Or what about Ebeneezer Scrooge from A Christmas Carol? He's so realistic that we use his name to describe people who hate

spending money.

www.sonypictures.com

12. I know, they are supposed to be for kids and not adults, but I really love the Harry Potter books. Maybe it's because I went to boarding school when I was a kid and I really loved it there, so the books remind me of a happy time in my life. All the characters are great: Harry, Ron, Hagrid, Dumbledore...but the one I really identify with is Hermione. I feel I have a lot in common with her. Did you know that J. K. Rowling, the author of the Harry Potter books, says that she

was like Hermione when she was at school? Well, so was I.

harrypotter.wikia.com

13. If you ask my wife which fictional character I resemble, she'd tell you it's Peter Pan. No, seriously. She says I'm just a wee boy who doesn't want to grow up. I think she is right. I think there are a lot of people, especially men, who identify with Peter Pan.

Ok, we know he isn't real. I mean, we all grow old and although I've never actually tried, I don't think I can fly. But wouldn't it be great if we could, and if we could stay young forever?

www.imdb.com

14. My favourite author is Jane Austen. I love all her books, but if I had to pick one that's really special to me, it would be *Pride and Prejudice*. Elizabeth Bennet is such an attractive character, so witty and intelligent and so modern for a twenty-year-old girl at the beginning of the 19th century. I was so impressed by her the first time I read the book that I actually started copying her manner of speech, you know, the language she uses. My friends thought I was going crazy, but she seemed so real to me.

When I saw the BBC series I couldn't believe it. It was even better than the book!



anybody in the world of fiction, it would be James Bond. I know he's not real, of course, but I think he is fantastic, so cool, always in control and never panics. I wish I was more like him. To be honest, I don't know any of the novels, but I've seen all the films; most of them more than once. My

favourite Bond was Sean Connery, of course, "Hello, Miss Moneypenny!" But the new guy is not bad. When I was a kid, I got a James Bond case for Christmas, you know with a gun, a fake passport, a pen with invisible ink and so on. Maybe I should have become a spy. Maybe it's not too late.

www.ebay.com

16. "I had no idea that such individuals exist outside of stories", Dr. Watson said about his friend and colleague Sherlock Holmes. However, everybody knows that Arthur Conan Doyle's great detective is one of English literature's most recognizable fictional characters. If I had a chance to choose who of the fictional characters to be, I would be John Watson. I guess it would be so exciting to live

and work with somebody like Holmes, whose abilities border on the fantastic. We would solve difficult cases using logical reasoning and forensic science and help people get out of trouble.

www.agathachristiereader.wordpress.com

(adapted from Longman Exam Accelerator, Bob Hastings, Marta Uminska, Dominika Chandler, Pearson Education Limited, 2011)

Which of the speakers

A changed the way he/she spoke to sound like a

fictional character: **B** has never read any of the books featuring his/her favourite character:

C mentions the character whose name has entered the English language;

D says his/her favourite character reminds him/her

of his/her younger self; E has made up his/her mind to become a spy; **F** would love to be able to do something impossible;

G would love to assist people who need help; H states that these books remind him/her of how

challenging living in a boarding school was when he/ she was a kid

Exam Tip

Намагайтеся знайти ключове слово (ключовий

вислів), що розкриває основну ідею тексту. Стережіться дистракторів (слів-«пасток»). Наприклад, слово spy у тексті про Джеймса Бонда та фраза boarding school у тексті про Гаррі Поттера

є дистракторами. В опціях Е та Н (що є зайвими) їх ужито для ускладнення виконання завдання.

TASK 4

Read the text below. Choose from (A-H) the one which best fits each space (17-22). There are two choices you do not need to use.

many by mailing himself out in a cardboard box. A prisoner, called Oliver Crystal, who had been serving a seven-year sentence for arson, had been employed by the prison in making stationery together with other prisoners. The stationery, (17) _____, was packed in

large cardboard boxes and despatched to shops by a

courier, (18)

the batch **(20)** .

the back of the truck had been cut.

A convicted criminal has escaped from prison in Ger-

Prisoner Mails Himself out of Jail

At the end of the working day, the prisoner climbed into one of the boxes. When the courier arrived to collect the goods, the box, (19) containing the inmate was loaded onto the truck along with the rest of

As soon as the vehicle was outside the prison gates and out of sight, the convict got out of the box and jumped off. It is believed that he was immediately picked up in a car by his accomplices, (21) . The driver alerted the police, after he noticed the cover on

Other inmates are suspected to have known of the planned escape, but they are unlikely to testify, as helping a prisoner to escape is a criminal offence in Germany, (22) . The police are on the hunt for the man, but are at present unaware of his whereabouts.

A where events like this one are uncommon **B** which gets delivered nationwide

G who was a regular visitor to the prisoner

H who had been waiting at a pre-arranged meeting

C that were due for delivery that day **D** where they had been waiting E which had also been in prison

F which the driver later said was heavier than usual

Exam Tip

Виконуючи завдання на заповнення пропусків

у тексті, дотримуйтеся такого алгоритму.

у пропуск).

1. Швидко прочитайте текст, щоб зрозуміти його основну ідею.

point

2. Прочитайте текст ще раз, намагаючись зрозуміти, що саме може міститись у пропуску

(частина мови, дата, час, у якому вжито дієслово тощо). 3. Оберіть один із чотирьох запропонованих варіантів (ви можете навіть вписати цей варіант

4. Перевірте, чи обраний варіант граматично відповідає пропуску в тексті.

пропусками. 6. Переконайтесь, що два зайві варіанти справді

5. Перечитайте текст ще раз, уже із заповненими

не підходять для заповнення жодного з пропусків.

Формуємо освіту з кожним номером!

ANSWERS TASK 3: 11-C, 12-D, 13-F, 14-A, 15-B, 16-G **ANSWERS TASK 4:** 17-B, 18-G, 19-F, 20-C, 21-H, 22-A

Reading: Multiple choice

(taken from **Focus 3**, Pearson)

B1+

READING

7 Read the text and choose the correct answer, A, B, C or D.

Stella McCartney

When designer Stella McCartney arrived on the fashion scene, many people claimed her success was due to her famous name. Her father is, after all, Beatles legend Paul McCartney. This, however, is not true. For Stella, becoming a success took hard work, determination and, of course, talent.

In 1995, after graduating from Central St Martins College of Art and Design in London, she enjoyed almost immediate success. Two short years later, at the age of twenty-six, she became the head designer at Chloé, – a famous Parisian fashion house. After four highly successful years at Chloé, Stella launched her own fashion label and showed her first collection in 2001

Since then her company has been growing steadily. In that time, it has developed a reputation as a fashion company with a difference. When Stella was growing up on a farm, her parents taught her to respect animals, to be aware of nature, and to understand that human beings share the planet with other creatures. These beliefs have had a huge impact on her and, as a result, she believes in ethical fashion now. Ethical fashion covers issues such as working conditions, child labour, fair trade and responsible production that does not harm the environment.

As a lifelong vegetarian, Stella does not use any natural leather or fur in her designs. The fabric she prefers is organic cotton and she has been experimenting with eco-friendly materials and production processes for some time. Recently, Stella decided not to work with a fabrics factory because the process used by it to colour the fabrics was very harmful to the environment. An entire river near the factory became red, making the water unsuitable for drinking or for use in agriculture.

Stella's ethical fashion also aims to help poor workers. For this reason, she has created a range of cloth bags together with the United Nations' International Trade Centre. The programme provides work for poor communities in Kenya, where the bags are created by hand. So far 160 people in disadvantaged areas have been involved in the production. They are earning money, which has improved their lives.

Stella McCartney has an interesting philosophy. Instead of just creating new designs season after season, she believes designers should ask themselves how they make their clothes and accessories, where they make them, and what materials they use. Thinking about these questions makes designing more challenging and more interesting, but still allows designers to create luxurious, beautiful items that people want to buy. Stella McCartney is proof of that.

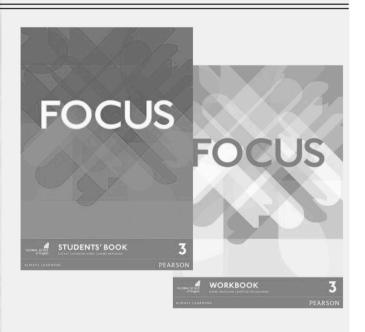
- 1 According to the text, Stella McCartney
 - A succeeded with the help of her father.
 - B had a high position at a relatively young age.
 - C experienced difficulty finding the right job.
 - D created her own company straight after college.
- 2 Which statement is true about Stella McCartney?
 - A As a child, she found out about ethical fashion.
 - B When she was a child, she wore organic cotton clothes.
 - C She often gets ideas for her designs from nature.
 - D No animal products are used in her fashions.

- 3 Why did Stella refuse to work with the factory?
 - A The production method was not ethical.
 - B The water used for the colours was polluted.
 - C The factory could not supply the fabric she wanted.
 - D The wrong colour was used for the fabrics.
- 4 In Stella's opinion, what should designers do?
 - A Create better designs every year.
 - B Question the methods of their production.
 - C Develop their own fashion philosophy.
 - D Make their clothes more luxurious.
- 5 The aim of the text is to
 - A show why some production methods are better.
 - B suggest how fashion designers can help the community.
 - C explain the philosophy behind Stella's collections.
 - D describe how Stella became a fashion designer.

Exam Tip:

Виконуючи завдання на множинний вибір, дотримуйтесь наступного алгоритму дій:

- 1. Прогляньте питання (не текст).
- **2.** Швидко прочитайте текст, аби зорієнтуватись, де саме в ньому (в яких абзацах) можуть міститися відповіді на запитання.
- **3.** З чотирьох запропонованих варіантів відповідей відкиньте ті, що однозначно є хибними.
- **4.** Оберіть варіант, що, на вашу думку, ϵ вірним, та ще раз перечитайте відповідну частину тексту.
- **5.** Не покладайтесь на власні здогадки та висновки правильну відповідь має бути зазначено в тексті, зазвичай, у перефразованому вигляді.



Taken from "Focus", PEARSON

Reading: Multiple choice

(taken from **Focus 4**, Pearson)

READING

7 Read the article and choose the correct answer, A, B, C or D.

The human scarecrow

Being told to bring a deckchair and a good book for the first day in a new job might not be the kind of advice you'd expect to receive from your new boss, but that's exactly the advice Jamie Fox was given when he took up a post to help out a local farmer.

 $\mathbf{F}^{ ext{ox}}$, twenty-two, a music graduate from Bangor University, uses a range of musical instruments to scare off partridges that have been destroying crops because ordinary scarecrows don't quite seem up to the job. Despite working from 7.30 a.m. to 4.00 p.m. for a minimum wage, Fox, who is saving up to finance a trip to New Zealand, is quite content with his unique position. Indeed, he'd much rather be out in the open air reading and playing instruments, he says, and time passes much quicker than sitting at home doing nothing and claiming unemployment benefit.

Fox can do anything he likes to pass the time. As well as playing musical instruments and reading to relieve the monotony, other perks of the job include doing Sudoku puzzles, observing the wildlife and daydreaming. He does, however, need to get out of the comfort of his chair occasionally to scare the partridges off the fields. And although the work is far from lucrative, some of Jamie's friends, including those with more generously paid jobs, are reportedly envious of his position and the fact that he spends the best part of the day doing largely as he

His employer, farmer William Youngs, claims that he was forced to take someone on as a human scarecrow after the partridges didn't respond to more traditional methods of frightening them away. Since losing thirty acres worth of crops to the birds at a cost of thousands of pounds, Youngs has tried a variety of approaches to protect his livelihood. Now, however, he is happy with the solution and claims that Jamie's presence in the fields is proving very effective and making a real difference.

- 1 Jamie Fox's plans include A joining a band.
 - B becoming a farmer.
 - C travelling abroad.
 - D earning more money.
- 2 Jamie Fox is happy with his job because
 - A he never gets bored.
 - B he uses his educational background.
 - C he has plenty of free time during the day.
 - D he thinks it is better than being out of work.
- 3 What is true about Jamie's job?
 - A He doesn't need to move.
 - B He has replaced another person.
 - C He gets uncomfortable.
 - D He makes a lot of noise.
- 4 Jamie's friends are envious because of
 - A the hours he works.
 - B the nature of his work.
 - C the money he earns.
 - D the fact he enjoys what he is doing.
- 5 Mr Youngs decided to employ Jamie because
 - A he can pay him a low wage.
 - B he considered Jamie a good worker.
 - C he lost lots of crops previously.
 - D he wants to help with the problem of unemployment.

Exam Tip:

- 1. Identify parts of the text which the questions refer to. Remember that these could differ in length (between one world/phrase and a whole paragraph).
- 2. Focus on the detail of a paragraph or sentence. An incorrect answer might only differ from the correct one in a detail such as the verb tense used or information given that only partly matches the text.
- 3. Remember the words in the correct option will not be the same as those in the text. There will be synonyms and rephrasing.
- 4. Don't be distracted by options that use similar wording. Only one option will be exactly what you need.
- 5. Eliminate the answers which you feel sure are wrong, then make your final choice.







Taken from "Focus", PEARSON

Reading: Gapped text (taken from Focus 3, Pearson)

READING

7 Read the article and choose from the sentences (A-F) the one which fits each gap. There is one extra sentence.

ALL ABOARD THE SMILE TRAIN!

Smile Train is a charity that is dedicated to helping the millions of children around the world, including India, who suffer from a specific facial defect. The defect occurs when a baby's top lip or mouth doesn't form properly before birth.

The charity provides free surgery, which gives these children a new smile and with it, new hope and a new beginning.

Children with the defect certainly need all the help they can get. Although many sufferers are accepted by their families, sadly, others are not. In India children with this defect are often abandoned at birth because their parents feel ashamed of them or cannot afford the surgery that will improve their lives. The good news is that the surgery which can change a child's life forever is not complicated. ²_______ The charity raises money to buy medical supplies and finds the right medical volunteers to perform the surgery.

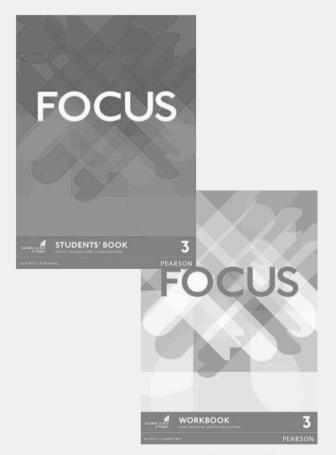
A Smile Train doctor from the UK said, 'Each child who has surgery is given a second chance at life. After years of living their lives in isolation, the children can finally go to school and be happy. Every year I go to India, where I have performed hundreds of surgeries free of cost through Smile Train. Some of the stories I have heard are quite shocking. 3 Luckily for her, she was found hungry and crying by a passenger who took her home and adopted her. This lady then heard about Smile Train and brought the baby to our hospital. I felt honoured to perform _ I know that I am making a real difference in the world and that is more important than making money all the time.' The doctor continued, 'There are many benefits, and not just for the child. The family no longer feels shame and it's good for the medical community too. Experienced doctors like me share our skills with local doctors. 5

- A I cannot describe the satisfaction and joy I feel when help a child.
- B One newborn baby girl was found abandoned on a train.
- C It takes only forty-five minutes and costs the family nothing, thanks to Smile Train
- D This doctor has changed many lives for the better
- E In this way we make sure that this surgery will always be available.
- **F** Eating and drinking is very difficult for these babies, and their families are often unable to cope with the problem.

Exam Tip:

Виконуючи завдання на заповнення пропусків у тексті, дотримуйтесь наступних дій:

- **1.** Спочатку швидко прочитайте текст аби зрозуміти його основну ідею.
- **2.** Прочитайте текст ще раз, намагаючись зрозуміти, що саме може міститись у пропуску (частина мови, дата, час, у якому вжито лієслово тошо).
- **3.** Уважно прочитайте речення, що передують та йдуть після вилученого фрагменту аби обрати вірну відповідь.
- **4.** Перевірте, чи вписуються ці відповіді за змістом та за граматичною формою в структуру незакінчених речень тексту.
- **5.** Перечитайте текст ще раз, вже з заповненими пропусками.



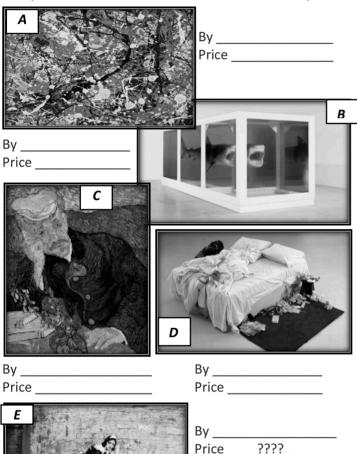
Taken from "Focus", PEARSON



INSPIRE YOUR HEART WITH ART DAY

ZNO PREP

- 1. Discussion: Talk to your partner, ask and answer these questions:
 - a) What is art? Give examples.
 - b) Is graffiti art or vandalism? Why?
 - c) Can children's drawings be called art?
 - d) Is it easy to make a living on art? Why (not)?
 - e) Look at the *five* works of art. What do you think they show?
- 2. SCANNING: Quickly read the text and complete the questions with the name of the artist and the price.



Art and Money

1. ____ In 2006 a Mexican businessman paid \$140 million for *No 5 1948*, by American artist Jackson Pollock. It was the most expensive painting ever sold. But is any work of art worth such an incredible price? Pollock created his abstract swirls of colour by dripping paint onto the canvas, often dancing as he did it and for many in the art world, he was a genius. Not everyone agrees though; one critic has compared his paintings to wallpaper!

- 2. ____ At least Jackson Pollock was appreciated during his lifetime. Not all great artists have been so lucky. Dutch artist Vincent Van Gogh only sold one painting in his entire career and his brother had to support him financially throughout his life. He died of poverty at the age of 37, unknown to the world. Yet a hundred years later, almost any work by Van Gogh is worth millions. His *Portrait of Dr Gachet* sold for \$82.3m in 1990.
- **3.** ____ Other artists are more fortunate in their lifetime: Picasso and Dali were multimillionaires when they died. The **controversial** British artist Damien Hirst is perhaps the most successful living artist of all: in 2008, a sale of his work **raised** \$198 million. However, he doesn't usually make the works himself that is done by assistants. As a conceptual artist, he believes it is the artist's original idea that makes something into a work of art. Typical Hirst pieces include a dead shark, which sold in 2004 for \$12 million. However, Hirst **claims** that he "always ignores money".
- **4.** _____ For some people, this is not art at all. There was great controversy when *My Bed*, a work by conceptual artist Tracey Emin, was displayed in one of London's top art galleries. Many visitors were horrified by the unmade bed, complete with dirty sheets and underwear, and one lady even tried to tidy it up! However, the artist had the last laugh after the exhibition, the bed sold for £200,000.
- **5.** ____ Even graffiti makes money these days. Take the mysterious graffiti artist, "Banksy", whose "street art", with its strong political and social messages, appears on walls and buildings all over the world. No one knows who Banksy actually is, but his work now sells for hundreds of thousands of dollars, and celebrity collectors include Angelina Jolie and Christina Aguilera. However, not everyone is impressed. After all graffiti is against the law!

3. ZNO task: READING

Read the text and <u>match</u> choices (A–H) to (1–5). There are three choices you do not need to use.

- A It's the creative idea that counts.
- **B** An unknown artist creates works that are in demand.
- **C** Successful work, despite mixed reactions.
- **D** In the past, artists had to suffer from poverty.
- **E** The richest artist of our times.
- **F** The controversy about the value of some works of art.
- **G** Fame after death.
- **H** Not everyone appreciates street art.
- 4. Look up the words in bold in a dictionary. In your notebook, write example sentences with them.

Pearson-Dinternal